# 1 Form C (SPDT) devices

Single Pole Double Throat Relays

**Single Pole Double Throat Switches** 

**Video Switches** 

1/2 Bridge drivers

N.C./N.O. SPDT relay

High Voltage, NanoSeconds Rise/Fall time, Push-Pull Driver

**Fuzzy Logic DIN-driver** 



**Electronic Design & Research Inc.** 

**Under management** 



# **Contents:**

Electronic Design & Research Inc. manufactures vast varieties of Solid State Relays, Breakers, Video Switches, ½ Bridge Drivers, H-Bridge Drivers, Push-Pull Drivers, etc. Here is one more family of drivers, the way they work, applications and a data sheets for some of them

General Introduction of the "T" family switches				
Functional Diagram of the SPDT switches				
Typical Appl	ications	5		
SPDT Relays	/Switches with a fuzzy-logic control input	7		
EDR82629	- fuzzy-logic high-speed driver	8		
EDR83913	- powerful, high-speed driver	9		
EDR83914	- fuzzy-logic, 500VDC, 2A, ½ driver	10-11		
EDR83456	- 1.500V/1A 200 KHz ½ driver	13-14		
EDR82762	- 100VDC, 10A, SPDT or ½ driver	15		
ERR82766	- 75VDC/52VAC/5A driver	<b>16-17</b>		
EDR82710	- powerful, ½-bridge driver	18-19		
EDR82717	- 600VDC, 1.4A SPDT relay	20-21		
EDR83915	- HV, NanoSecond Rise/Fall time push-pull	22-14		
EDR82909	- fuzzy logic DIN-driver	25-27		
Ordering In	struction	28		

**NOTES:** We are bringing, in an average four new devices to the market per month. Above is just an example of switches/drivers that we keep in our stock in small quantities and ready to ship them at once. For your unique application that required a different voltage, current or speed, Ordering Instruction (please see page #21) could be rather useful. Do not hesitate to send us an email to: <a href="mailto:info@vsholding.com">info@vsholding.com</a> for any additional information, delivery schedule and prices.

Thank you,

Vladimir A. Shvartsman, Ph.D. President & CEO V\_Shvartsman@vsholding.com



Electronic Design & Research <a href="http://www.vsholding.com">http://www.vsholding.com</a>

Technology for people's ideas

# The "T" family of Relays/Switches Isolated, SPDT/DPST, break-before-make switches

Designed to switch a DC-5MHz signal in nanoseconds

Fuzzy-logic controlled relays offered with a various output voltage and current to satisfy many industrial applications, up to 1200V relays made with MOSFET's and up to 2500V with IGBT. The "T" family also features a three-state PWM input that works well together with most multiphase PWM controllers. Shoot-through protection is integrated to prevent both outputs from conducting simultaneously. The "T" – relay does the best interfaces with three-state logic.

#### <u> Features:</u>

Push-pull output stage for up to1,000 A peak
Wide Analog Signal Range+/- 2,500V
Chopping frequencies up to 800 KHz
Low "ON" resistance (MOSFET) Milliohms
Low Vce saturation (IGBT)2V average
High Current Capability, AC/DC switching:
D3S-package up to 24 A
D4S-packageup to 76 A
Custom packagingup to 1000A
<ul> <li>Available Unidirectional and bi-directional</li> </ul>
relays/switches, or for a VDC or VAC power.
<ul> <li>Available – SPDT (3 pins) and DPST (NO/NC or 4 pins)</li> </ul>
Short propagation delay input-output 550 nS
Try-state outputs input floating
Break-Before-Make Delay (Typ.) 220 nS
Fast Switching Action:
• Ton100 nS
• Toff 100 nS
<ul> <li>TTL, CMOS and LMOS Compatible</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Three-State PWM input for OFF/OFF output terminals</li> </ul>
Single Power Supply5VDC, 12VDC or 24VDC
Fussy Logic Input:
• ON for "NO2" 0-1.7 V
• ON for "NO1"
High input-output isolation 2,750 V

#### **Applications:**

- · Bi-directional switch
- ½ bridge driver for AC and DC motors
- Video signal termination
- High Energy pulse formation
- Two relays combined for H-bridge driver
- High power, High frequency driver
- Latch and High-speed solenoid driver
- High Energy, Bi-polar pulse formation
- A switch for redundant supply systems
- High Frequency Analog Switch
- Audio Switching
- Automatic Test Equipment
- Communication Systems
- Analog Selector Switch
- · AC and DC power switch
- Audio Signal Multiplexing
- Servo-Motor driver
- Pulse-Width modulation
- High Frequency DC/DC Converters
- High Input Voltage DC/DC Converters
- Flash-lamp supply for pumping solid-state laser
- Driver for a powerful IGBT and large modules
- Plasma and Electrostatic Paint

The EDR's Solid State Relays (SSR) use proprietary and unique design to deliver fast, reliable, bounce-free switching in a compact SIP package. They are an ideal solid-state replacement for large reed and electromechanical (EM) relays. Compared to this old electromagnetic technology, the EDR's SSRs offer significantly lower drive current, small package size, superb speed, high power DC commutation, no susceptibility to magnetic interaction and solid state reliability. All of these are key requirements for the design of today's complex low-power, fast and long-lasting products.

EDR's family of "T" – type Solid State Relays/Switches designed for speed, the T3SxxDxx and more powerful T7SxxDxx relays/switches have the capacity to efficiently switch DC or AC and can deliver a single lesser than 0.7 μS pulse width. The "T" family SSR, a half-bridge MOSFET/IGBT driver is designed to operate at frequencies up to 800 KHz (8 KHz PWM for 1% to 100% duty cycle) and is an ideal choice for high-speed applications such as motor control, SMPS (switch mode power supplies), laser diode driver or a high frequency ultrasound cleaner. The "T" relay/switch can be used in pairs for a full-bridge operation, or triplets in three-phase brushless DC motor driver applications.

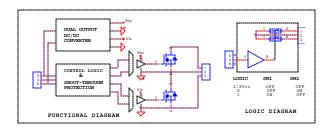
A 1.2 MHz relay/switch is also available with ability to deliver a powerful a > 50 nS pulse.

# Functional diagrams of the "T" family

EDR's solid-state relays combined our state-of-the-art SIP6, SIP7 and SIP9 (a custom and with screw-type terminals enclosures are available) encapsulated, vertical-construction packaging with high performance to give our customers a reliable product with a significant saving in board space compare to other relays. EDR rates relays by the maximum current and no heat sink required. We believe that removes confusion about relay capability, cost and space requirements. Below is a functional diagram of the "T" family and we supply relays with any reasonable voltage and current. We can supply relays with any reasonable voltage and current specifications.

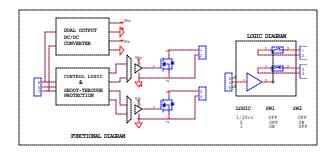
It is a <u>1 FORM C</u> or SPDT relay – T3Gvvv**D**aa A 'D' is for DC only applications.

"vvv" should be replaced with a required voltage, "aa" should be replaced with a required current.



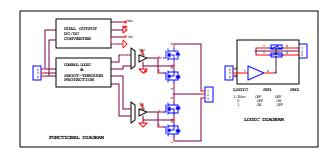
It is a **1 FORM A&B (N.O. & N.C.)** or DPST/SPDT -- T3Gvvv**Daa** and D4Gvvv**D**aa

"vvv" should be replaced with a required voltage, "aa" should be replaced with a required current.



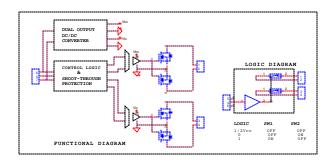
It is a <u>1 FORM C</u> or SPDT relay – T3GvvvAaa "A" is for DC and AC applications.

"vvv" should be replaced with a required voltage, "aa" should be replaced with a required current.



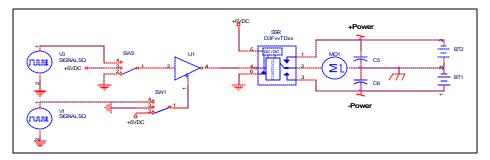
It is a **1 FORM A&B (N.O. & N.C.)** or DPST relay -- T3GvvvAaa and T4GvvvAaa/ A "A" is for a dual either DC or AC applications.

"vvv" should be replaced with a required voltage, "aa" should be replaced with a required current.

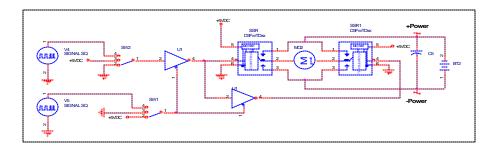


**CAUTION:** These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharges; follow proper IC Handling Procedures. 1-800-336-1-EDR (for sales) or 502-933-8660; EDR and VSHOLDING are a register trademarks of VS Holding Inc, 1983 and 1994 respectively. All Rights Reserved.

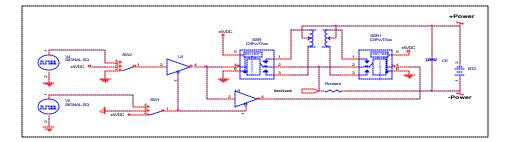
# **Typical applications**



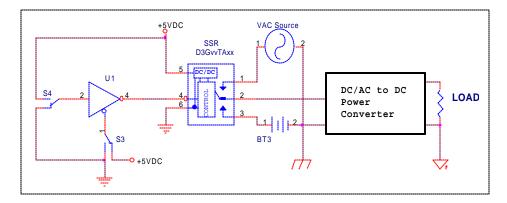
A <u>1 FORM C</u> or SPDT relay – T3GvvvDaa can be use as a general-purpose motor driver with a dual-power supply Capable of operating in extremely harsh environments, this device can withstand high ambient temperature, output overload, and repeated power supply transient voltages without damage. The relay can be used in triplets in three-phase brushless DC motor-driver applications.



EDR's "T" relays used in pairs to drive both windings of a bipolar stepper motor or bi-directional control for full-bridge operation with a single-output power source.

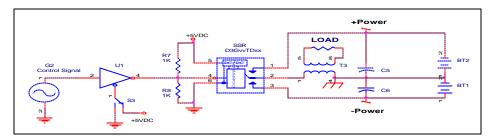


**Stepper-Motor Driver** 

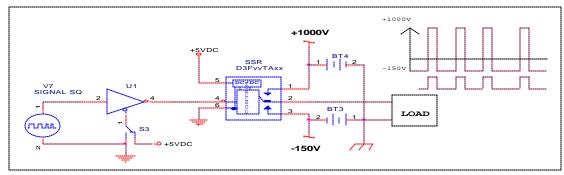


VAC and VDC power management in systems with a battery back-up

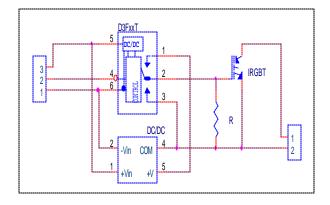
# **Typical applications (con't)**

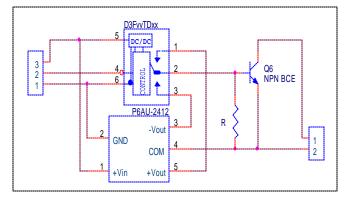


Low-noise, high-power driver for DC/DC converter and high frequency ultrasounds



Generating a high-speed, bi-polar signal for electrostatic painting, plasma and etching





Drive for a powerful, high-speed IGBT

and

bi-polar transistor

EDR's the "T" family of cost-effective Solid State Relays/Switches has opened endless possibilities and especially significant in view of the increased use of microprocessor-based controls. The simplicity of interfacing of a micro-level of controlling power with a multi-kilowatt load gives an engineer the tool for designing today and tomorrow's equipment. EDR's high-speed relay/switches are compatible with many direct driving integrated devices and input-output galvanic isolation has made them important and valuable components in new designs.

Electronic Design & Research is the front-runner in developing solid-state relays and breakers. Since 1998, we consistently offer superior devices to a growing customer based. From low-cost D1L-type relays to a sophisticated VS092011P200A8/24/NN, an intelligent breaker, EDR offers power devices to meet your forward-looking project requirements.

# SPDT Relays/Switches with a fuzzy-logic control input

A unique feature of the "T" type relay/driver is a fuzzy-logic control. The control input designed for the maximum application flexibility and simplicity in interfacing. It is a high impedance input and any 5V CMOS logic can be used to control it. The best result can be obtained with tri-state output logic, like bus-driver IC chips or CPUs. The control input has three defined levels, as that can be seen on the figure, below: 0-1.7V, 1.9-3.2V, and 3.4-5V. That voltage variation allows targeting control any one of terminals or turn "OFF" the driver (terminals) all together. If the control signal remains within the shutdown window (1.9-3.2V), the outputs (pins 1, 2 and 3) are disabled (NO/NO). When the control signal moves on either side of the "shutdown window", it is below 1.7V, or above 3.4V, the pair of terminals 1-2 and 2-3 will change a state from N.O. to N.C. respectively. Otherwise, the control signal's rising and falling thresholds outline in the Electrical Specifications determine when the lower and upper gates are enabled.

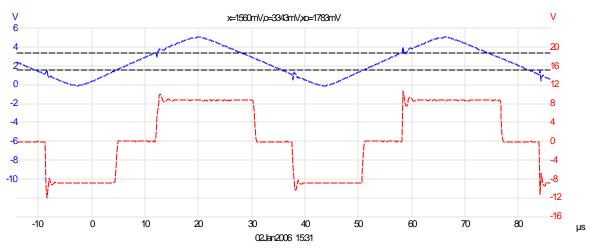


Figure shows a control signal (upper or blue) and a voltage on a load (below or red) When a control signal (a tooth-wave was selected for a better illustration) rises above 3.34V it enables one pier and when it falls blow 1.56V other pair of terminals conducts.

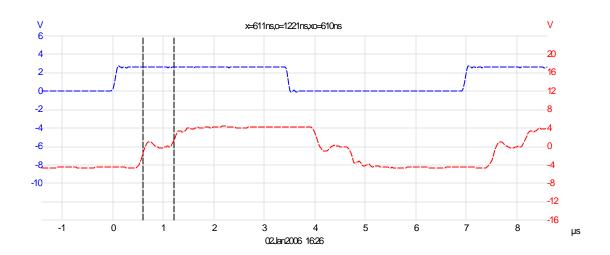


Figure shows break-before-make properties of the "T" type driver. The "dead" time of that driver is about 600 nS and it set during the production. Duration of the "dead" time varies and selected based on a power property. A high-power and high-voltage switches have the "dead" time as longer as 1.5 mS. All video-switches and low power drivers have the "dead" set at about 80 nS. Please let us know if the "dead" time is your concern and what is required.



Technology for people's ideas

**Input Specifications:** 

Nominal Current

Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see page #5

# EDR82629 - 650VDC/450VAC, .8A High speed SPDT Relays/Switches

# Isolated, a break-before-make switches

The EDR82629 (T3F650A08/5) belongs to the "T" family of a fuzzy-logic controlled relays offers needed flexibility that required in many industrial applications.

**Features:** Utilizes only 1.4 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.15" tall .8A continuously or up to 6.5 A pulse in a miniature package High sensitivity, even at high switching frequencies 14 A surge current and only 0.10 Ohms on-state resistance

Please specify power supply and control voltage

#### **Output Specifications:** Operating DC voltage range 650 VDC p-p .9 Arms 6.5 A 3.5 A 1.20 Ohm 0.017 uS

Power Supply +Vcc (pin 5) see the order page for selection

0.5 mA

Maximum switching frequency \* Test performed with a D3N650D3/24

#### Maximum continuous current Maximum surge current (IDM) - .3mS Continuous current (ID) Maximum on-state resistance Risina time Delay-on time $0.140 \, \mu S$ Falling time $0.027 \mu S$ $0.098 \mu S$ Delay-off time 400 KHz

#### **General Specifications:**

Ambient operating temperature range Ambient storage temperature range Dielectric Strength input-to-output

 $-35^{\circ}$  C to  $75^{\circ}$  C -55<sup>0</sup> C to 125<sup>0</sup> C 2.500VAC

x=-193ns.o=-392ns.xo=-199ns Control -8--12 Load -20

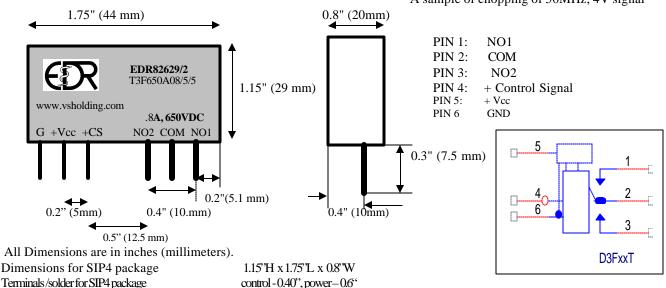
# Mechanical Specifications:

Weight (oz)

Encapsulation

50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR Epoxies Etc.

A sample of chopping of 50MHz, 4V signal



-0.5

0.0

-1.0

Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "non-inductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bidirectional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258 Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: vsholding@vsholding.com Tel: 502-933-8660:

# http://www.vsholding.com

Technology for people's ideas

# Powerful Fast, Solid-State ½ Driver

Designed to deliver 84 KW of power in a microsecond

Features: Utilizes only 1.4 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.15" tall

3A continuously or up to a 24A pulse at 10 µS pulse or 100 KHz

High sensitivity, even at high switching frequencies At 20A current only 1.9 Vce saturated

140 A pulse and 35 A continuously at 110 °C Please specify power supply and control voltage

#### **Input Specifications:**

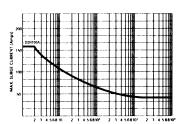
Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see page "selection" **Nominal Current** 0.5 mA

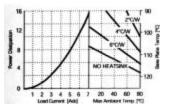
Power Supply +Vcc (pin 5) see the order page for selection

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating DC voltage range 0 - 600 VDCMaximum continuous current 3 A rms at 10 KHz Maximum continuous current 1A rms at 100 KHz

Maximum surge current (IDM) - .03mS 140 A Continuous current (ID) 24A Maximum Vce 1.9 V Rising time 0.025 uS Delay-on time  $0.220 \mu S$ Falling time  $0.035 \mu S$ Delay-off time 0.200 uS Maximum switching frequency 400 KHz





#### **General Specifications:**

Ambient operating temperature range Ambient storage temperature range Dielectric Strength input-to-output

 $-45^{0}$  C to  $85^{0}$  C -55<sup>0</sup> C to 125<sup>0</sup> C 3,000VAC

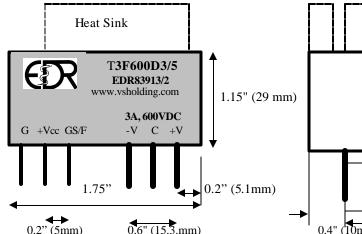
# Control -8 -12 -16 12 Load -20 12

Pulse train (frequency) about 204 KHz

#### Mechanical Specifications:

Weight (oz)

Encapsulation 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR Epoxies Etc.

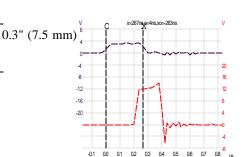


0.6" (15.3.mm)

PIN 1: + LOAD, +V PIN 2: common LOAD, C PIN 3: - LOAD, -V PIN 4: Control Signal, CS/F

PIN 5: +Vcc

PIN 6: Power Supply return, GND



All Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Dimensions for SIP4 package Terminals/solder for SIP4 package

1.15"H x 1.75"L x 0.8"W control-0.40", power-0.6"

Pulse width 263 nS, 10A

Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "non-inductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bi-directional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

0.4" (10mm)

0.8" (20 mm)

\*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258 Electronic Design & Research Inc.

> Tel: 502-933-8660: Fax: 502-933-3422: Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: vsholding@vsholding.com



Technology for people's ideas

### EDR83914 - 500VDC, 2A High speed SPDT Relay/1/2 Bridge Driver

# Isolated, a break-before-make switches

The EDR83914 (T3F500D3/5) belongs to the "H" family of a fussy-logic controlled relays offers needed flexibility that required in many industrial applications.

Features: Utilizes only 1.4 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.15" tall

1.8A continuously or up to 24 A pulse in a miniature package High sensitivity, even at high switching frequencies

90 A surge current and only 0.22 Ohms on-state resistance

Please specify power supply and control voltage

#### **Input Specifications:**

Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see page #5 Nominal Current 0.3 mA

Power Supply +Vcc (pin6) see the order page for selection

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating DC voltage range	500 VDC
Maximum continuous current	1.8 Arms rms
Maximum surge current (IDM) - 0.1mS	90 A
Continuous current (ID) - Pulsed	24 A
Maximum on-state resistance	0.22 Ohm
Rising time	0.017 µS
Delay-on time	0.140 µS
Falling time	0.027µS
Delay-off time	0.098 µS
Maximum switching frequency	275 KHz

All specifications were giving without any heatsink at room temperature

#### **General Specifications:**

Ambient operating temperature range Ambient storage temperature range Dielectric Strength input-to-output -35<sup>0</sup> C to 75<sup>0</sup> C -55<sup>0</sup> C to 125<sup>0</sup> C 3,000VAC x=1959ns, 0=5936ns, x0=3977ns

V

Control

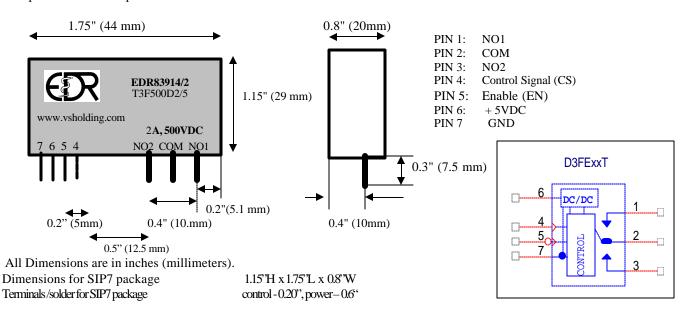
Load

A sample of driving a load at 250 KHz

# Mechanical Specifications:

Weight (oz) .2

Encapsulation Epoxies Etc. 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR



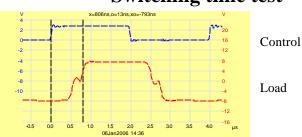
Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "non-inductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bidirectional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258
Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: vsholding@vsholding.com

#### Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C) for T3F500A3/5, p/n EDR83914/2

Characteristic	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Control Voltage, low level threshold			1.7		V
Control Voltage, high level threshold			3.3		V
Enable (EN) threshold (pin 5)			1.0	2.0	V
Input Current			0.300		mA
<b>Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta</b>					
Power Supply (pins 6), Vcc (200 mA 1	naximum)	4.9	5	5.3	V
Maximum Vcc current at DC – 1.0 KH	Z		40		mA
Maximum Vcc Current at 275 KHz			200		mA

# Switching time test – Load – 8.3 Ohm & 2.2 A



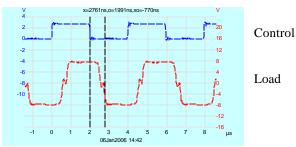
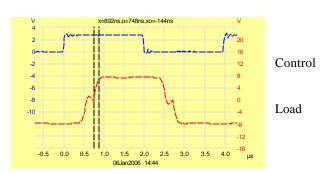


Figure 1 Turn -on delay is 793 nS

Figure 2 Turn-off delay is 7/0 nS



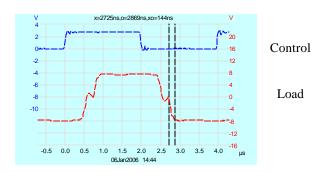


Figure 3 Rising Time is 144 nS

Figure 4 Fall Time is 144 nS

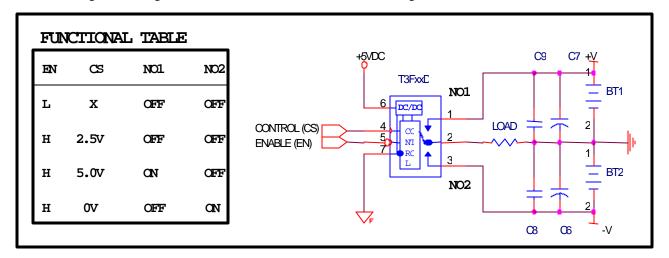


Fig. 5 Switching Time Test Circuit

The enable is connected to +5VDC via a 10K resistor and can be left floating.

.....

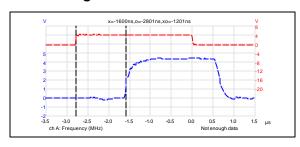
### **Function Table of the EDR83914**

INPUT (control, pin 4)	Output terminals 1-2	Output terminals 2-3
X	OFF	OFF
0V-2V	ON	OFF

**OFF** 

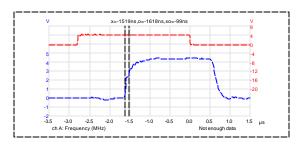
OFF

# Switching time test: Power is +40VDC or +/-40VDC, a non-inductive load is 5 Ohm & 8 A



2V-2.8V

2.8V-5V

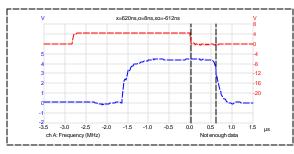


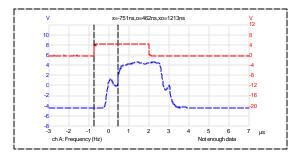
**OFF** 

ON

Maximum turn on delay is 1.2mS

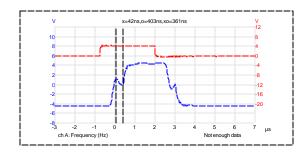
Rising slop is only 0.099 mS

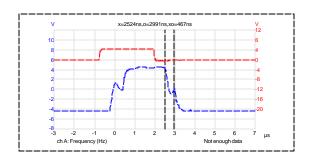




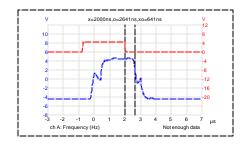
Turn-off delay is 0.612mS

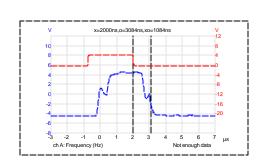
Test of the time-delay with a bi-polar power





The dead time is set to about 400 nS for that particular part. Please contact us if you would need a shorter or longer delay.







Electronic Design & Research <a href="http://www.vsholding.com">http://www.vsholding.com</a>

Technology for people's ideas

# 1500VDC, 0.8A, 200 KHz, ½ driver/switch

**Features:** Utilizes only 1.4 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.15" tall

0.8 A continuously or up to a 12A pulse at 10 µS pulse High sensitivity, even at high switching frequencies

4 A pulse and 6 A continuously at 110 O C

Please specify power supply and control voltage

#### **Input Specifications:**

Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see specifications

Nominal Control Signal Current 0.5 mA

Power Supply +Vcc (pin 5) see the order page for selection

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating DC voltage range - 1500 to +1500 VDC

Maximum continuous current .8 A rms at 10 KHz

Maximum continuous current .3 A rms at 200 KHz

Maximum surge current (IDM) - .03mS 12 A
Continuous current (ID) 4A
Pulsing current 10A
Maximum resistance 7 Ohm
Rising time 37 nS
Delay-on time 270 nS

Falling time (depended on a load) 107 nS (60 Ohm)

Delay-off time 330 nS
Maximum switching frequency 200 KHz

#### **General Specifications:**

Ambient operating temperature range

Ambient storage temperature range

-45° C to 85° C

-55° C to 125° C

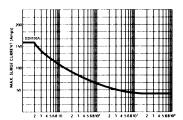
Dielectric Strength input-to-output

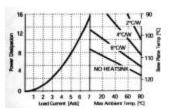
3,000VAC

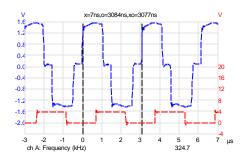
# **Mechanical Specifications:**

Weight (oz)

Encapsulation Epoxies Etc. 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR



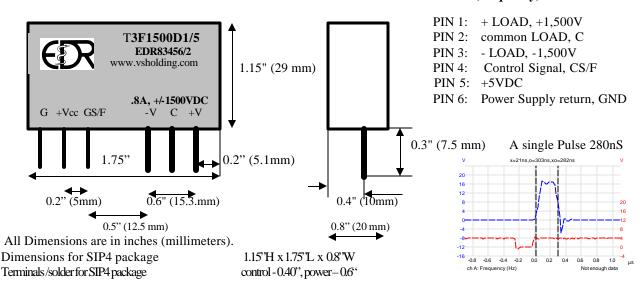




Control

Load

#### Pulse train (frequency) at 324 KHz



Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "non-inductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bi-directional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

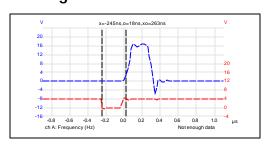
Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258

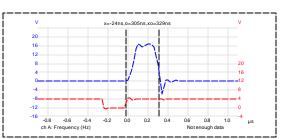
Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: <u>vsholding@vsholding.com</u>

### Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C) for T3F1500D1/5, p/n EDR83456/2

Characteristic	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Control Voltage, low level threshold			1.7		V	
Control Voltage, high level threshold			3.3		V	
Input Current			0.300		mA	
<u>Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)</u>						
Power Supply (pins 6), Vcc (200 mA r	naximum)	4.9	5	5.3	V	
Maximum Vcc current at DC – 1.0 KH	Z		40		mA	
Maximum Vcc Current at 200 KHz			180		mA	

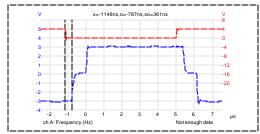
# Switching time test: Load - 60.0 Ohm & .4 A

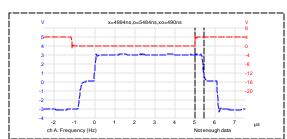




Turn-on delay is 263 nS

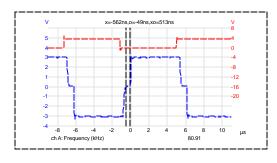
Turn-off delay is 329 nS

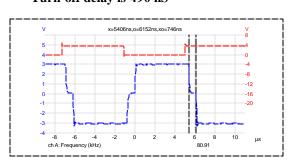




Turn-on delay is 361 nS

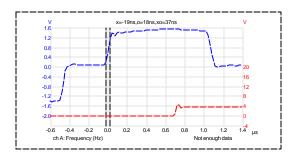
Turn-off delay is 490 nS

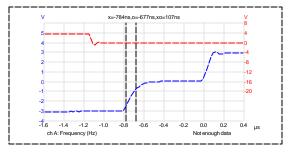




A "dead zone" on the rising front is 361 nS

"Dead zone" on the falling front 4567 nS





Rising slope is 37 nS

A "free" Falling slope is 107 nS. Time depended on the load' impedance



#### **Electronic Design & Research**

http://www.vsholding.com

Technology for people's ideas

# EDR82762 -- 100VDC, 10A, 200 KHz ½ driver/switch

#### Fuzzy-logic input high powerful driver

Features: Utilizes only 1.4 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.15" tall 10A continuously or up to a 100A pulse at 10 µS pulse High sensitivity, even at high switching frequencies Fuzzy-logic input allows individual control of each pair of outputs

Please specify power supply and control voltage

#### **Input Specifications:**

Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see "ordering page"

**Nominal Current** 0.5 mA

Power Supply +Vcc (pin 5) see the order page for selection

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating DC voltage range 0 - 100 VDCMaximum continuous current 10 A rms at 10 KHz Maximum continuous current 1A rms at 200 KHz

Maximum surge current (IDM) - .03mS 440 A Continuous current (ID) 90A 100A Pulsing current 0.010 Ohm Maximum resistance Rising time  $0.155 \mu S$ Delay-on time  $0.220 \mu S$ 

Falling time 0.095µS (10hmload)

Delay-off time  $0.200 \, \mu S$ 

0.400 µS (please request a different) Dead time (it can be set to any)

Maximum switching frequency 160 KHz

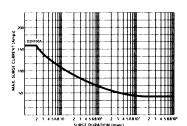
#### **General Specifications:**

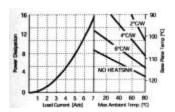
 $-45^{\circ}$  C to  $85^{\circ}$  C Ambient operating temperature range -55<sup>0</sup> C to 125<sup>0</sup> C Ambient storage temperature range Dielectric Strength input-to-output 3.000VAC

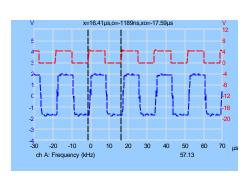
**Mechanical Specifications:** 

Weight (oz) .2

Encapsulation Epoxies Etc. 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR



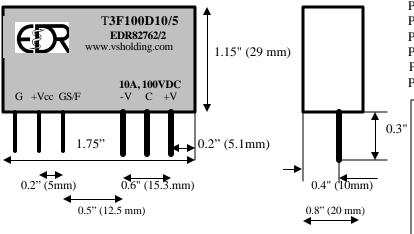




Control

Load

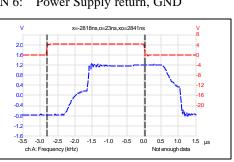
#### Pulse train (frequency) about 57.1 KHz



PIN 1: + LOAD, +V PIN 2: common LOAD, C PIN 3: - LOAD, -V Control Signal, CS/F PIN 4:

PIN 5: +5VDC

PIN 6: Power Supply return, GND



Pulse-width

All Dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensions for SIP4 package

Terminals/solder for SIP4 package

1.15"H x 1.75"L x 0.8"W control-0.40", power-0.6"

Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "noninductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bi-directional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258



# **Electronic Design & Research**

http://www.vsholding.com

Technology for people's ideas

# 75VDC/52VAC, 5A, 200 KHz ½ driver/switch

Features: Utilizes only 1.4 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.15" tall 5 A continuously or up to a 70A pulse at 10 µS pulse High sensitivity, even at high switching frequencies 50 A pulse and 2 A continuously at 110 °C

Please specify power supply and control voltage

#### **Input Specifications:**

Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see **Nominal Current**  $0.5 \, \text{mA}$ 

Power Supply +Vcc (pin 5) see the order page for selection

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating DC voltage range +/-75VDC (52VAC)

Continuous current (DC-10 KHz) 5 A rms Continuous current (at 200 KHz) .8A rms Maximum surge current (IDM) - .03mS 130 A Continuous current (ID) 35 A at 25°C

Pulsing current 70A Maximum resistance 0.060 Ohm Rising time  $0.090 \mu S$ Delay-on time  $1,200 \mu S$ 

0.095µS (1 Ohm) Falling time Delay-off time  $0.620 \, \mu S$ 

Maximum switching frequency 220 KHz

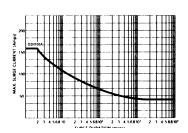
#### **General Specifications:**

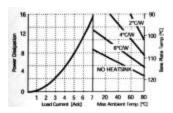
-45<sup>0</sup> C to 85<sup>0</sup> C Ambient operating temperature range -55°C to 125°C Ambient storage temperature range Dielectric Strength input-to-output 3.000VAC

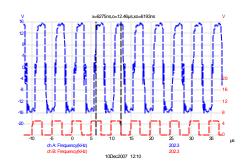
# **Mechanical Specifications:**

Weight (oz) .2

Encapsulation Epoxies Etc. 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR



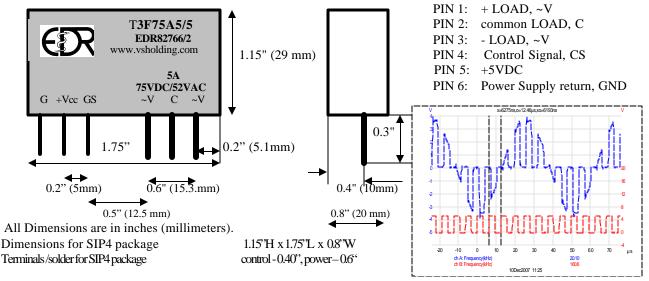




Control

Load

#### Pulse train (frequency) about 200 KHz



Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "noninductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bi-directional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

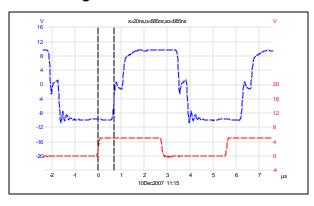
Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258

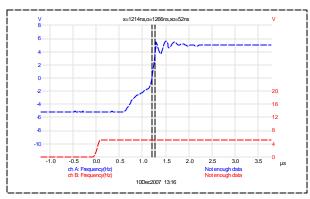
Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: vsholding@vsholding.com

# Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C) for T3F75A5/2, p/n EDR82766/5

Characteristic	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Control Voltage, low level threshold			1.7		V
Control Voltage, high level threshold			3.3		V
Input Current			0.300		mA
Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)					
Power Supply (pins 6), Vcc (200 mA)	maximum)	4.9	5	5.3	V
Maximum Vcc current at DC – 1.0 KF	Iz		40		mA
Maximum Vcc Current at 100 KHz			200		mA

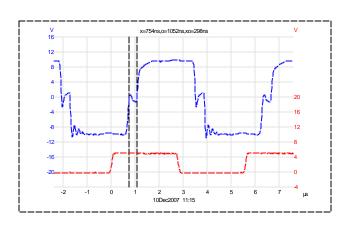
# Switching time test – Load – 52.0 Ohm & 1 A

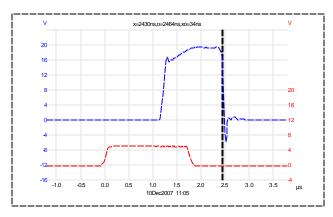




Turn-on delay is 665 nS

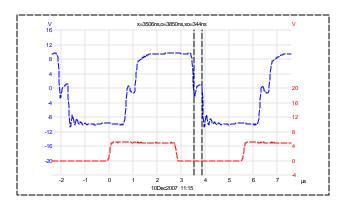
Turn-on slope (Tr) is 52 nS (dual supply)

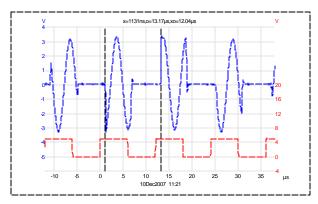




A "dead zone" on the rising front is 296 nS

Turn-on slope (Tr) is 34 nS (single supply)





"Dead zone" on the falling front 344 nS

An example of chipping high-frequency



#### **Electronic Design & Research**

http://www.vsholding.com

Technology for people's ideas

#### **Input Specifications:**

Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see page #5 Nominal Current 0.3 mA

Power Supply +Vcc (pin6) see the order page for selection

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating DC voltage range 0 - 500 VDC
Rated current, no heatsink 7 Arms rms
Current with a heatsink 15A
Maximum surge current (IDM) - .1mS 140 A

Maximum switching frequency 200 KHz
All specifications were giving without any heatsink at room temperature

#### **General Specifications:**

Ambient operating temperature range

Ambient storage temperature range

-35<sup>0</sup> C to 75<sup>0</sup> C

-55<sup>0</sup> C to 125<sup>0</sup> C

Dielectric Strength input-to-output

2,500VAC

Mechanical Specifications:

2.00" (50)

Weight (oz)

Encapsulation Epoxies Etc. 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR

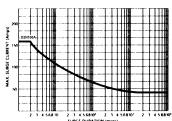
# EDR82710 - 500VDC, 7A High speed, 1/2 Bridge Driver

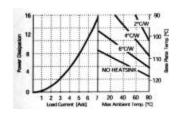
# Fast, powerful break-before-make switch

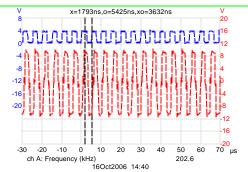
The EDR82710 (T7G500D7) belongs to the "T" family of a fuzzy-logic controlled relays offers needed flexibility that required in many industrial applications.

Features:

Utilizes only 1.4 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.15" tall 7A continuously or up to 30 A pulse in a miniature package High sensitivity, even at high switching frequencies 140 A surge current and only 0.01 Ohms on-state resistance



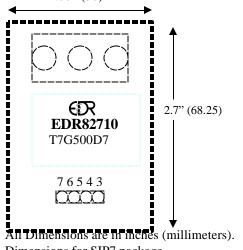




Control

Load

A sample of driving a load at 200 KHz



PIN 1: +OUT
PIN 2: COM
PIN 3: -OUT
PIN 4: Control Signs

PIN 4: Control Signal (CS) PIN 5: Enable (EN)

PIN 6: +Vdc

PIN 7 GND



Dimensions for SIP7 package 2.85°H x 2.7°L x 2.0°W Output Terminals screw types

Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "non-inductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bi-directional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

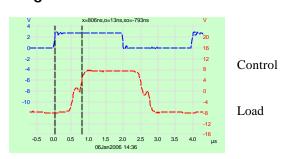
Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258

Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: <a href="mailto:ysholding@vsholding.com">ysholding@vsholding.com</a>

#### Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C) for T7G500D3/5, p/n EDR82710/2

Characteristic	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Control Voltage, low level threshold			1.7		V	
Control Voltage, high levelthreshold			3.3		V	
Enable (EN) threshold (pin 5)			1.0	2.0	V	
Input Current			0.300		mA	
Input Electrical Characteristics ( $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ )						
Power Supply (pins 6), Vcc (200 mA 1	naximum)	4.9	5	5.3	V	
Maximum Vcc current at DC – 1.0 KH	[z		40		mA	
Maximum Vcc Current at 275 KHz			200		mA	

# Switching time test - Load - 8.3 Ohm & 2.2 A



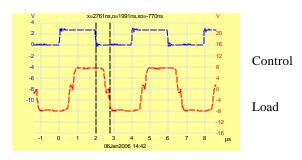
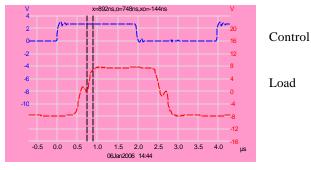


Figure 1 Turn -on delay is 793 nS

Figure 2 Turn -off delay is 770 nS



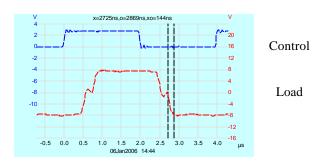


Figure 3 Rising Time is 144 nS

Figure 4 Fall Time is 144 nS

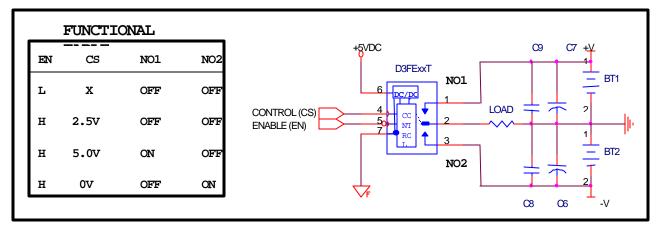


Fig. 5 Switching Time Test Circuit

The enable is connected to +5VDC via a 10K resistor and can be left floating.

Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258



**Electronic Design & Research** http://www.vsholding.com

Technology for people's ideas

# EDR82717 - 650VDC, 1.4A SPDT Relay

The EDR82717 is a low cost and belongs to the family of a DC & AC/DC a subminiature ½ drivers, and analog switches

**Features:** Utilizes only 0.75 sq. in. of PCB area and only 1.05" tall 1.4A continuously current and no heat sink is required

up to 18 A pulse in a miniature package

**CMOS** input

7A is a maximum continues current and only 0.060 Ohms on-state

resistance

#### **Input Specifications:**

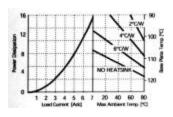
Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see "order page" **Nominal Current**  $0.5 \, \text{mA}$ 

Power Supply +Vcc (pin 5) see the order page for selection

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating DC voltage range 0V -- 650 VDC Maximum continuous current 1.4 A Maximum surge current (IDM) - .3mS 18 A Continuous current (ID) 7 A 0.070 Ohm Maximum on-state resistance Rising time  $0.034 \mu S$ Delay-on time  $0.600 \mu S$ Falling time  $0.013 \mu S$ Delay-off time  $0.200 \, \mu S$ Maximum switching frequency 500 Hz "Dead Time" 580 mS

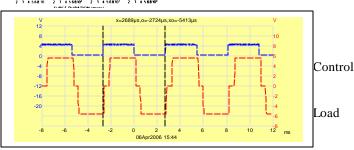
0.5" (12.6mm)



# **General Specifications:**

Ambient operating temperature range Ambient storage temperature range Dielectric Strength input-to-output

 $-40^{0}$  C to  $85^{0}$  C -55<sup>0</sup> C to 125<sup>0</sup> C 2.500 VAC



### **Mechanical Specifications:**

Weight (oz) .2

Encapsulation Epoxies Etc. 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR A sample of chopping of a bio-polar power

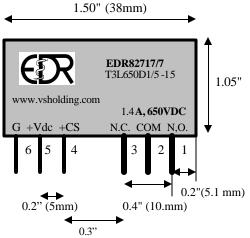
COM

N.O. (normal open)

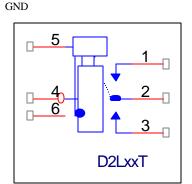
N.C. (normal close)

+ Control Signal

+ Vdc (5-15)



PIN 1: PIN 2: PIN 3: PIN 4: PIN 5: PIN 6 0.25" 0.2



All Dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

Dimensions for SIP4 package Terminals/solder for SIP4 package

1.05°H x 1.5°L x 0.5°W control-0.40", power-0.6"

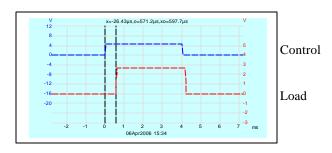
Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "non-inductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bidirectional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258 Tel: 502-933-8660: Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: vsholding@vsholding.com

### Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C) for T2L650D1, p/n EDR82717

Characteristic	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Typ.	Max.	Unit		
Control voltage range		+	Vdc x 0.	7	V		
Maximum Turn-On Voltage, Vdc=5VI	OC .		3.5		V		
Maximum Turn-Off Voltage, Vdc=+5V	VDC		1.5		V		
Input Current			<1		mA		
Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C) for T2L600D, p/n EDR82628							
Power Supply, Vcc		4.7	5	15	V		
Power Supply Current		20	22	40	mA		

# Switching time test, 280VDC & 0.7A; Load – 400 Ohm, voltage attenuation 10:1



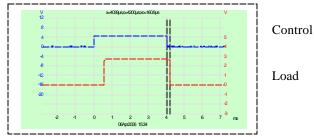
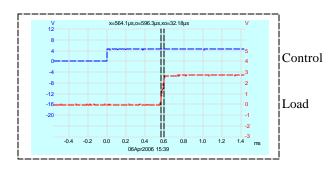


Figure 1 Turn-on delay is 0.6 mS

Figure 2 Turn-off delay is 0.2mS



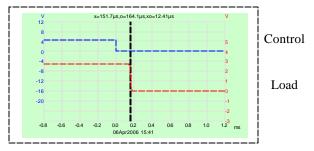


Figure 3 Rising Time is 32.18 μS

Figure 4 Fall Time is 12.41µS

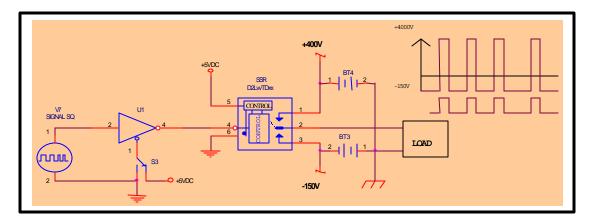


Figure 5. Switching unsymmetrical bi-polar powers

Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258

Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: <u>vsholding@vsholding.com</u>



Electronic Design & Research http://www.vsholding.com

Technology for people's ideas

# NanoSeconds rise/fall time, High-Voltage push-pull switches

A switch belongs to the family of push-pull switches consists of two alternately controlled solid-state switches, which in turn are made up to a large number of high-speed MOSFETs isolated each other connected in series. The rise and fall times at the switch output are virtually the same and that allow generating an extremely precise, high-voltage, true square-wave pulses.

#### **Applications:**

- Replacement of thyratrons, ignitrons, cold cathode tubes, electron tubes, spark gaps and electromechanical high-voltage relays
- Pulsed particle accelerator/deflection
- Mass spectrometry & high energy physics
- Radar and microwave modulation
- Laser electronics and electro-optics
- Medical shock wave generators

#### <u>1,000V – EDR83915</u>

#### **Input Specifications:**

Input Control Voltage (pin 4) see page #21

Nominal Current 110 mA/5VDC

Power Supply +Vcc (pin6) see page #21

#### **Output Specifications:**

Operating voltage range (Vop) 0V -- 1,000 VDC

Maximum continuous current 1.2 Arms rms

Maximum surge current (IDM) - 0.1mS 40 A
Continuous current (ID) - Pulsed 10 A
Maximum on-state resistance 1.10 Ohm
Rising time 18 nS
Delay-on time 200 nS
Falling time 19 nS

Pulse width range 70 nS to infinity
Maximum switching frequency 150 KHz

#### All specifications were giving without any heatsink at room temperature

#### **General Specifications:**

Ambient operating temperature range

Ambient storage temperature range

-35<sup>0</sup> C to 85<sup>0</sup> C

-55<sup>0</sup> C to 125<sup>0</sup> C

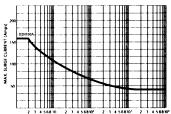
Dielectric Strength input-to-output

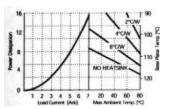
3,000VAC

# Mechanical Specifications:

Weight (oz) .2

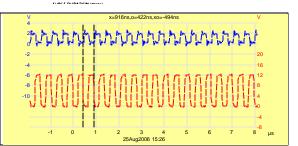
Encapsulation Epoxies Etc. 50-2366RFR / 50-2366CFR



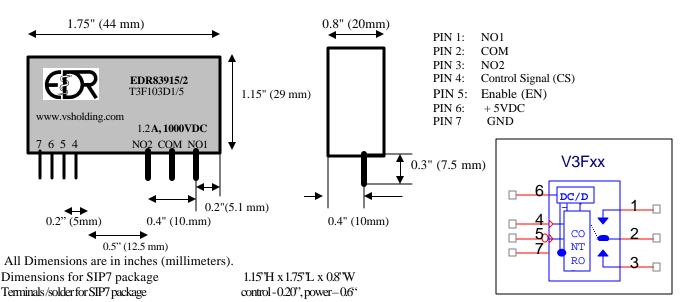


Control

Load



A sample of 2.00 MHz burst frequency



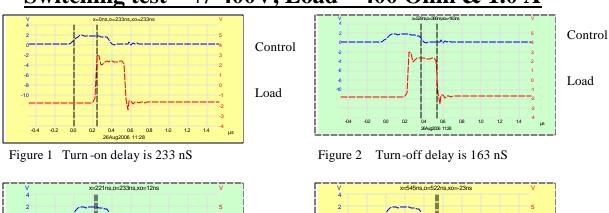
Transient Protection: All loads are inductive, even ones that are not so obvious or labeled. An inductive load produces a harmful transient voltage, which is much higher than the applied voltage, when it is turned on and off. A SSR built with a MOSFET output acts as an ideal switch and can produce a seemingly "non-inductive" load, which can cause damage if not suppressed. A transient voltage suppressor, which is bidirectional for AC applied voltage and unidirectional for DC applied voltage, should be used to clamp excessive spikes.

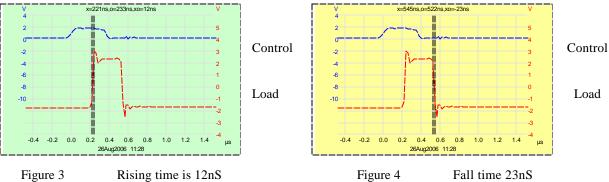
Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258
Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: ysholding@vsholding.com

#### Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C) for T3F103D1/5, p/n EDR83915/2

Characteristic	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Control Voltage, low level threshold			1.7		V
Control Voltage, high level threshold			3.3		V
Enable (EN) threshold (pin 5)			1.0	3.0	V
Input Current			0.3		mA
Input Electrical Characteristics (Ta	$=25^{0}\mathrm{C})$				
Power Supply (pins 6), Vcc (200 mA r	naximum)	4.9	5	5.3	V
Maximum Vcc current at DC – 1.0 KH	Z		110		mA
Maximum Vcc Current at 150 KHz			200		mA

# **Switching test – +/-400V, Load – 400 Ohm & 1.0 A**





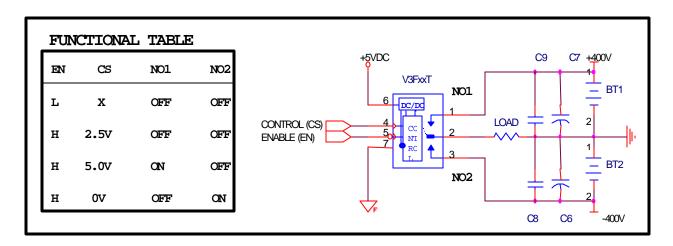


Fig. 5 Switching Time Test Circuit

A switch can be controlled via the enable (EN) input ("L"/"H"), if only + or - power needs to be applied on a load, or via the control (CS) when a bipolar power must applied onto the load.

Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258
Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; e-mail: <u>vsholding@vsholding.com</u>

# Test Circuit for forming a fast rising/falling pulse

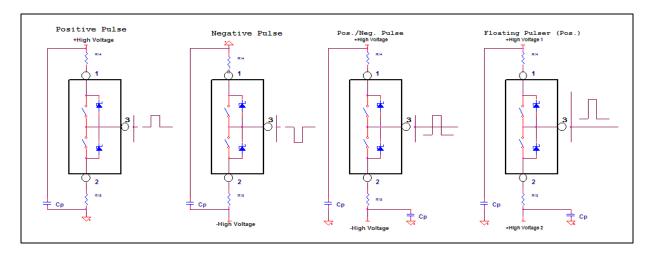


Figure 6 Basic application for generating various polarity pulses

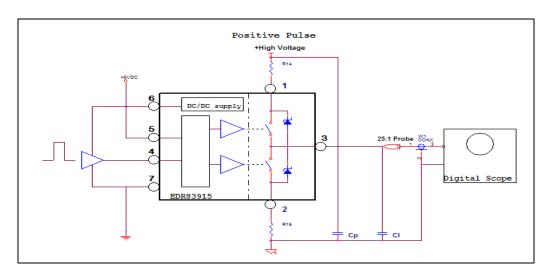


Figure 7 Test Circuit for generating a single polarity pulse

#### NOTES:

- 1. Wiring should be as short as possible
- 2. Capa citor Cp should be at least 50 times of Cl for shortest transition times
- 3. Connected in series resistors R14 and R15 used for dumping and short protection. All measurements refer to 50 Ohm. According to a specific application, resistors can be between 0 (zero) and 1Mohm and should be selected the highest possible to avoid ringing.
- 4. A low impedance linkage between logic GND and earth is very important for interference free operation with a high switching speed.

# A sample of T3F- relays/switches for 1000V and high with similar specifications

Model Number	Package	e Vop	Ir (A)	avg.	Id (A)	Idm	(A) Enb.	p/ <u>n</u>
T3F102D03	SIP7	0V 1000VDC	0.3	M	2.9	10	Y	EDR82823
T3F102D03	SIP6	0V 1000VDC	0.3	M	2.9	10	N	EDR82822
T3F102A02	SIP6	+/-1000VDC (700VAC)	0.2	M	2.8	9	N	EDR82906
T3F102A04	SIP6	+/-1000VDC (700VAC)	0.4	M	4	12	N	EDR82901
T3F102D1	SIP6	0V 1000VDC	1.2	M	10	40	N	EDR82821
T3F102D1	SIP7	0V 1000VDC	1.2	M	10	40	Y	EDR83915
T3F152D04	SIP6	0V – 1500VDC	0.4	M	4	12	N	EDR82856
T3F152A04	SIP6	+/-1500VDC (1050VAC)	0.4	M	4	12	N	EDR82855
T3F252D01	SIP6	0V – 2500VDC	0.1	M	1	6	N	EDR82860
T4F252A01	SIP6	+/-2500VDC (1750VAC)	0.1	M	1	6	N	EDR82868
T3F252D2	SIP6	0V – 2500VDC	2	I	25	80	N	EDR82849
T4F402D1	SIP6	0V - 4000VDC	1	Ī	30	80	N	EDR82848

Please call for other parts, with a different voltage and current. We do not charge any set-up fee even if you would need a one switch if output MOSFETs could be use in the same design.



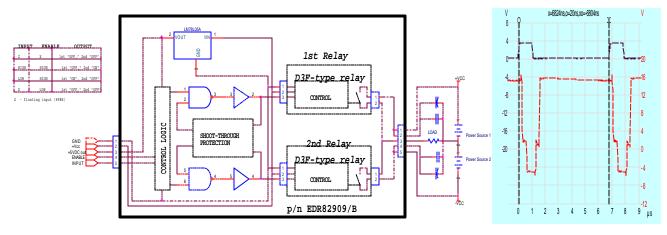
Technology for people's ideas

# P/N EDR82909 is a fuzzy logic DIN-driver

#### Designed for D3G-, D3F- and D3S- families relays/switches

EDR's DIN-driver designed for various industrial applications and easy interfaced with a PLC, I/O cards and control switches. The DIN RAIL is especially useful with a high-speed Solid State Relay, and a high power analog switch applications, as a ½ or a full (H) bridge driver.

The EDR82909/B designed to driver two and EDR82909/F drives four of EDR's D3G-and D3F-types relays in a ½ and H-bridge (full bridge) configurations. It used as a powerful analog, high frequency switch to provide a break-before-make commutation. The EDR82909 is a high frequency driver and optimized to drive two or four Solid State Relays in the break-before-make synchronized sequences. EDR has made switches and the EDR82909 allows creating a 30 A rms driver. The EDR82909 also features a three-state PWM input will prevent a negative transient on the output voltage when the input is being shut down. The EDR82909 has the capacity to switch efficiently at frequency up to 800 KHz. The DIN RAIL has an internal logic circuitry that prevents shoot-through current even at a high switching frequency. A dead time is adjustable by two capacitors, one of each cycle. The timing could the same or different based on the value of each capacitor to meet variety applications and R&D.



Simplified schematic of the EDR82909/B and a load hook-up in a ½ bridge driver application

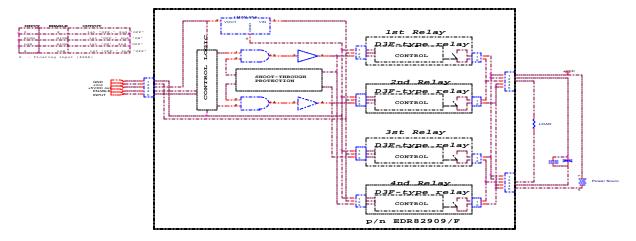
#### **Product Highlights**

- Drives two (EDR82909/B) and four (EDR82909/F) EDR's made D3G and D3F- types Solid State Relays/Switches
- Electrical isolation input/output is 3000V or 5200V
- Switching frequency DC to 800 KHz
- Switching current from 0A till 30A rms
- Switching voltage from 0V till 2500 V
- Duty cycle: 0.. 100%
- Input and enable inputs are low power, CMOS
- Shoot-Trough Protection
- Three-State PWM Input for Power Stage Shutdown
- Non of relays activates when the input if floating
- A single power supply
- Matching Delay Between Inverting and No-inverting outputs
- Fussy logic or a three-state input allows easy control of either relay
- The enable can be use for PWM and shot-off
- The input can be use to indented control of either relay
- Add-on p/n EDR82915 allows a precise output power control

# **Applications**

- Inverters
- A low cost Motor driver
- Converter
- Power engineering
- Laser driver and radiology
- RF power driver
- Analog switch
- Power Switching
- Power-Supply Modules
- ½ bridge and full-bridge driver
- Formatting a bio-polar pulse
- Assembling a SPDT and a dual SPDT configuration

# The DIN-driver as a full-bridge driver with four EDR's relays



Simplified schematic of the EDR82909/B and a load hook-up in a full-bridge driver application

# Functional Pin Description

#### GND (pin 1)

GND is the ground pin. All control signal and power supply to relays are reference to this node. **Vcc (pin 2)** 

Connect the Vcc pin to a + of a bias supply. The Vcc depends on what type of relays being used. It could be 5VDC or 12VDC.

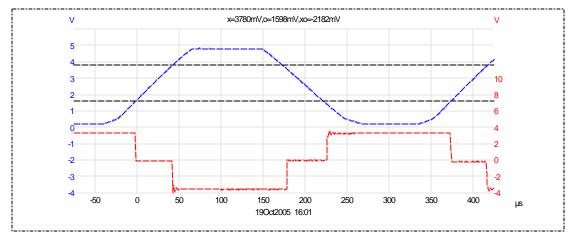
#### +5VDC output (pin 3)

The +5VDC is the output from an internal voltage regulator when +12VDC applied onto Vcc (pin2). It is a low power source and can be used only for external applications. An aggregated load current cannot exceed 50 mA. There is no limit set for the current if Vcc (pin 2) is 5VDC because it passed through.

#### Enable (pin 4), the low threshold is 1.0V and the high is 2.0V

It is a dual use control (enable) input. Connect this pin to HIGH (+5VDC) or left unconnected to enable the DIN-driver. The LOW is disabled the driver. This input can be use for PWM applications. **INPUT (pin5), from 1.7V to 3.3V is off** 

The INPUT is the fuzzy or three-state input and controls output relays. An applied signal can enter three distinct states during operation, 0V to 1.7V, 1.7V to 3.3V and 3.3V to Vcc, as it shown on the voltage diagram below. This input can be used to reverse polarity (direction) of a DC Motor.



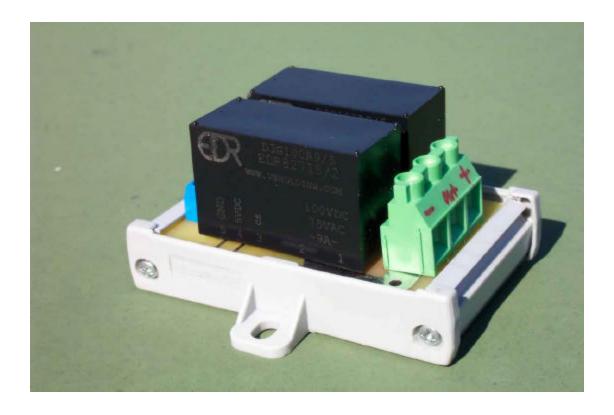
Voltage-timing diagram of the INPUT signal (top) and relays output (bottom), for demonstrating purpose slopes of the input signal set to a slow rise and fall transitions

#### **Ordering Information**

#### EDR82909/V/XX

**Recommended Operating Conditions** 

		MIN	TYP	MAX
Supply Voltage, Vcc for EDR8290	9/V/05		5VDC +/-5%	
Supply Voltage, Vcc	depended on the module		XX +/-10%	
Supply Current Icc, mA	(no relay installed), Vcc=5VDC			1.0
Ambient Temperature Range			$-10^{\circ}$ C to $90^{\circ}$ C	
Input (pin 5) mA			0.25	
The first threshold (pin 5), V				1.7
The second threshold (pin 5), V		3.3		
Enable (pin 4), LOW threshold, V		1.0		
Enable (pin 4), HIGH threshold, V				2
Shoot-Trough Protection, adjustab	ole and set by two capacitors, for 20	0pF	0.324 μS	



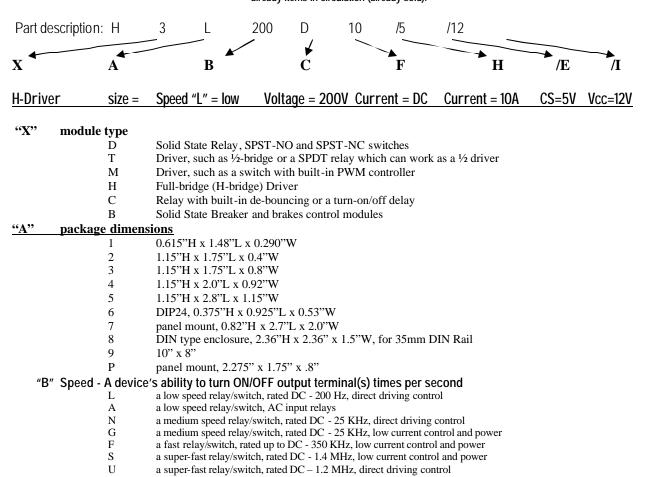
Two D3G-type relays mounted on the EDR82909 for a high frequency chopping

<sup>\*\*</sup> replace "V" with "B" for a two relays to implement ½ bridge driver, and with "F" for a four relays to implement a full-bridge driver

<sup>\*\*</sup> replace "XX" with a 05, 09, 12, 15, 24 or 48 with the required power supply (Vcc). The power supply has to be chosen by the type of relay to be installed on the DIN-driver.

# Selection and Ordering Instruction for EDR's made Solid State Modules such as Relays, Switches, Breakers, ½ and Full-bridge Drivers, etc.

Notes: During past ten years rapid development of new and additional [products gave us no choice but to expend, modify and unify part descriptions. Below represent the third modification. Our modules description will be marked according to the specifications below but p/n EDRxxxxx will stay the same for already items in circulation (already sold).



#### "C" Output Voltage - A maximum allowed voltage between output terminals, up to 100kV

It must be replace with required voltage and we offer the closest and highest value available.

Fast, High Voltage Solid-State Switches with Nanoseconds rise time

<u>Note:</u> In an "AC" -relay a voltage specified a peak-to-peak maximum voltage and the maximum VAC can be calculated by multiplying a maximum allowed voltage by factor of 0.7

#### "F" A relay can be use to control either AC, DC or AC/DC power

A - a relay/switch designed to switch/chop an AC/DC power

D - a relay/switch designed to switch/chop a DC power

"none" - relay with a SCR or TRIAC on the output to control only AC power

#### "H" A maximum allowed RMS CURRENT (Ampere) without a heat sink

A maximum current limited to a size of the enclosure (box). We can produce a device for any required current in a customer enclosure.

#### '1' Some of our products use an internal DC/DC converter no provide a power to the internal electronics.

Varieties voltages are available: 5VDC+/-5%, 12VDC+/-5%, 24VDC+/-5% and 48VDC+/-5%. For a wider input power voltage swing, please add "W" after the voltage. For an example, 24W is for 24V+/-12V.

**"E'** We offer several standard control voltages 5VDC, 12VDC, 24VDC, 48VDC, 3-20VDC and 18-38VDC. Please specify the input control voltage, as for example D1L30D12/xx. Replace xx with a 3, 5, 12, 24, 48, 3-20 and 18-38 that is for 3VDC, 5VDC, 12VDC, 24VDC, 48VDC, 3-20VDC and 18-38VDC. Respectful control voltage represented at the end of part number in the following way, for an example EDR82653/1 and EDR82653/8. Both relays are almost the same and difference is only an applied control voltage, "1" if for 3VDC and "8" is for 18-38VDC;

Control Voltage	Representation	Control Voltage	Representation	Control Voltage	Representation
3VDC	1	5VDC	2	12VDC	3
24VDC	4	48VDC	5	26VDC	6
3-20VDC	7	18-38VDC	8	90-120V	AC 9

#### "Z" A relay/switch built with following standard isolations

"L" or "none" type relay is 2500 V

"N" type relay is 3000V, 4000VDC ("H4") and 5200 ("H5") VDC.

# "T" Turn-on delays; "S" for seconds, "M" for milliseconds, "U" for microseconds, M102-100 mS turn-off delay, 102M mS – turn-on delay

#### Electronic Design & Research Inc. \*\* 7331 Intermodal Dr. \*\* Louisville \*\* KY 40258

Tel: 502-933-8660; Fax: 502-933-3422; Sales: 800-336-1337; website: <a href="http://www.vsholding.com">http://www.vsholding.com</a>; e-mail: <a href="mailto:info@vsholding.com">info@vsholding.com</a>; e-mailto: <a href="mailto:info@vsholding.com">info@vsholding.com</a>; e-mailt